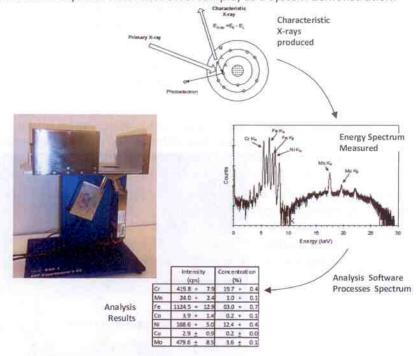




# Amptek Experimenter's XRF Kit

## **Quick Start and Demonstration**

Amptek's Experimenter's XRF Kit contains the key components necessary to begin carrying out X-ray analyses. This kit was designed so users can rapidly set up a prototype XRF system and customize it for experiments or for specific measurements. It is not a turn-key system because it has not been optimized or calibrated for specific applications; the user is responsible for optimization and calibration. This requires you to understand both (a) the principles of XRF and (b) how to use Amptek's products. You will use the "Expert Mode" of the software, which presumes expertise in both topics. This guide walks the user through the set up and configuration of the system to do one analysis (standardless analysis of a stainless steel sample) as a system demonstration.



## **Warnings and Precautions**



THE MINI-X GENERATES X-RAY RADIATION DURING NORMAL OPERATION AND PRESENTS A SAFETY HAZARD.

The EXP-1 includes radiation shielding around the sample chamber, safety interlocks, and both a visual and audio alarm. THE EXP-1 MUST BE ASSEMBLED CORRECTLY. DO NOT DISABLE OR TAMPER WITH THE SAFETY FEATURES OF THE EXP-1



High voltages are present in the Mini-X and the X-123. The Mini-X voltage (up to 50 kV) presents a potential personnel safety hazard.

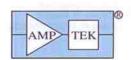


THE DETECTOR AND X-RAY TUBE BOTH CONTAIN THIN, FRAGILE BERYLLIUM WINDOWS. If the windows are damaged, the units will be destroyed and cannot be repaired. Do not touch the windows! Do not drop anything on the windows! Be very careful when working around the detector!

THE USER MUST VERIFY THAT THE EXP-1 MEETS THE RADIATION REQUIREMENTS OF HIS/HER INSTITUTION. Warnings and precautions are discussed in more detail in the Experimenter's Kit Application Notes.

Release Note: This document, rev D1 (April, 2016), describes the EXP-1 fixture, as used with an X123-SDD or – FastSDD, and with XRS-FP2. Earlier versions of XRS-FP, the fixture, or the X123 are not described here.

AMPTEK, Inc. 14 DeAngelo Drive, Bedford, MA 01730-2204 USA +1 781 275-2242 Fax: +1 781 275-3470 <u>www.amptek.com</u> sales@amptek.com





## 1. Equipment List

Amptek Supplied

- X-123 spectrometer. Includes X-ray detector, preamp, digital pulse processor & power supplies. It is mounted on a spacer.
  - Amptek has many X-ray detector options. We recommend the SDD or FastSDD, with 0.5 mil Be window, for the EXP-1.
- Mini-X X-ray tube and controller, with mounting bracket (attached).
- Mini-X collimator & filter kit for EXP-1
- EXP-1 mechanical fixture. Includes radiation shielding and a sample plate.
- □ Six 4-40 screws

- □ SS316 test sample
- 2 Mini-USB cables
- X-123 +5 VDC adapter
- ☐ Mini-X +12VDC adapter
- ☐ Amptek software installation CD
- ☐ XRS-FP USB HASP plug

#### Customer Supplied

- ☐ Computer with Win7 or Win10 and 3 USB ports
- Phillips screwdriver
- Optional: Safety secondary window (discussed below)

Warning light

#### Documentation

The Experimenter's Kit combines three separate, standard Amptek products and a unique mechanical fixture. The components are (1) the X-123 spectrometer (which includes a detector and the DP5 digital signal processor), (2) the Mini-X X-ray tube (which includes a collimator with a place to mount filters), (3) XRS-FP2 X-ray analysis software, and (4) the EXP-1 mechanical fixture which provides radiation shielding, safety interlocks, and a sample chamber.

The X-123, Mini-X, and XRS-FP2 are provided with extensive, separate documentation (quick start guides, user manuals, software installation guides, trouble-shooting guides, and application notes). These can all be found on the Amptek Installation CD and Amptek's website. The software has a HELP file with much information. Please refer to these documents to understand the individual components in the kit. This "Experimenter's Kit" document focuses on assembly and initial operations of the kit and does not discuss details on the various components.

## 2. Mechanical Assembly

The drawing to the right shows an assembled EXP-1 fixture. To assemble:

- Place the EXP-1 fixture on its back for easy access. Make sure there is nothing inside the sample chamber (e.g. the sample support disk).
- Install the cables onto the Mini-X. There are three cables: power (to the +12V AC/DC adapter), USB, and a four pin interlock cable.
- The Mini-X has been shipped with its mounting bracket attached. Align with the holes in the fixture and attach with two ¼" long 4x40 screws. Plug the interlock cable into the fixture.
- 4. Install the cables onto the X-123.

Interlock plunger Techamber

Sample chamber

Sample support disk

X-123 Spectrometer

SV DC Power

USB

12 VDC power

Beryllium windows damaged by improper handling will not be covered by the warranty.

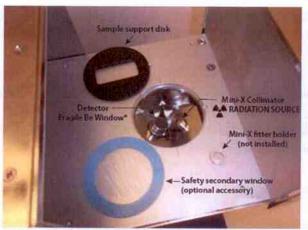
Sample cover / Radiation shield

There are two cables: power (to the +5V AC/DC adapter) and USB. NOTE: The X123 and Mini-X power cords have the same style 3 pin plug; each uses only two pins (center ground) so are not interchangeable but will cause no damage if interchanged.

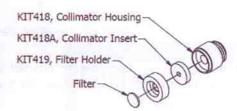


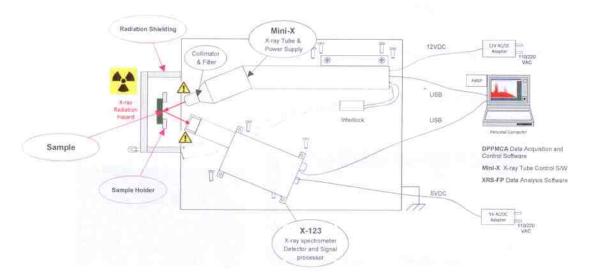


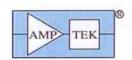
- The X-123 has been shipped with its baseplate attached. It also has a protective cap on the Be window. Very
  carefully slide the X-123 extender through the hole in the shielding (the black cap can be left in place). Attach
  the X-123 with four ¾" long 4x40 screws.
- Turn the fixture upright and install the Mini-X collimators and filters. BE VERY CAREFUL NOT TO TOUCH OR DROP ANYTHING ONTO THE DETECTOR BE WINDOW.
- 7. The unit is shipped from Amptek with the collimator housing (drawn below) installed on the Mini-X. Place the tungsten collimator insert into the housing. In the Mini-X filter holder, place a 1 mil tungsten filter and then on top of this place a 40 mil aluminum filter. These filters can be found in the Mini-X collimator kit. VERY CAREFULLY, slip the holder with filters over the collimator housing. You can do this with the protective cover on the detector. Once the filters are in place, remove the cover.
- 8. Place the sample mounting plate (the black plastic disk with a rectangular cutout) into the opening in the sample chamber. You may wish to cover this with a safety secondary window. This is a thin polymer window, to avoid accidental damage to or contamination of the detector Be window. Commercial sources and part numbers are in the Experimenter's Kit Application Notes.
- 9. Place the stainless steel 316 test sample over the cutout in the sample holder.
- 10. Close the cover of the sample chamber (the cover is vital for radiation shielding). Close the interlock plunger behind the cover. The chamber and the plunger are a tight fit; it is necessary that the plunger be closed for the Mini-X X-ray tube to operate and necessary to fully close the chamber for the plunger to seat properly.













## 3. Connect Modules & Install Software

Three software packages are needed: "DPPMCA.EXE" is used to configure the X-123 spectrometer; "MINIX.EXE" controls the Mini-X X-ray tube; and "XRS-FP.EXE" controls the X-123 after initial configuration, acquires the data, processes the spectra, and analyzes the results. Each of these software packages requires a USB driver to be loaded. THE USER MUST FOLLOW THE SOFTWARE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

For all these products, the first step is to power on the hardware and plug it into a USB port. The proper USB driver should be automatically downloaded from MicroSoft's Windows Update site and installed, if the computer has Internet access and updating is not blocked by a firewall or administrative settings. If automatic installation is blocked, then manual installation is required. The drivers and the executable programs, along with instructions for manual installation, are on the Amptek installation CD and also available from www.amptek.com.

#### Connect X-123 and install DPPMCA Software and Drivers

- Turn on the PC. Log on to Windows as an administrator. Insert the Amptek Installation CD (or download software from www.amptek.com).
- Connect the X-123 to the PC via a Mini USB cable. Plug the X-123 5VDC supply into a 110/220 VAC outlet and into the X-123 back panel. An LED on the X123 Ethernet connector should light up.
- 3. A "Found New Hardware" or "Installing Device Driver" box may open, or an installing icon may appear on the taskbar (depends on the OS). Automatic driver installation over Windows Update should follow; follow any instructions for automatic update and installation.
- 4. Create "C:\Program Files (x86)\Amptek\DPPMCA". From the CD, copy the contents of DPP Software (FW6)\DPPMCA" into the new folder. Create a shortcut to DPPMCA.EXE and place this on the desktop.

#### Install XRS-FP2 Analysis Software

- 1. Plug the HASP into the PC USB port.
- A "Found New Hardware" or "Installing Device Driver" box opens; follow instructions for "Automatic" installation over Windows Update.
- 3. Locate the "XRF-FP Quantitative Analysis Software" folder on the Amptek Installation CD. Run (as administrator) the "XRSFP2\_Setup.exe" file and follow the instructions.

#### Install Mini-X Software and Drivers

- Connect the Mini-X to the PC via a Mini USB Cable. Plug the Mini-X 12 VDC supply into a 110/200 VAC outlet and into the Mini-X back panel.
- A "Found New Hardware" or "Installing Device Driver" box opens. Follow the instructions for "Automatic" installation over Windows Update.
- 3. Locate the "Mini-X Software/Mini-X Setup" folder on the Amptek Installation CD. Run (as administrator) the "Mini-X\_Controller\_Setup.exe" file and follow the instructions.

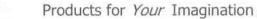
#### Quickstart Files

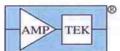
On the Amptek Installation CD is the Experimenter's XRF Kit folder. Copy "SS316\_EXP1 default.ANA" from the appropriate folder into C:\Program Files (x86)\CrossRoads Scientific\XRS-FP\.

When you are finished, if the driver installation was successful and the devices are powered, you will see them under Control Panel, Devices and Printers. The icons will be on your desktop, connected to file locations on your computer.









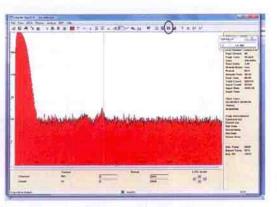


#### 4. Check Hardware

#### Check X-123 spectrometer

- Double-click "DPPMCA" icon. A "Select DPP Communications Port" dialog opens. The device should be listed in the USB section. Click "Connect".
- A green USB symbol should appear at the bottom and the DP5 serial number at top right.
- 3. Note: The X-123 boots up using the configuration stored internally when it was powered down. When you receive it, the unit was last powered down using a configuration stored at the factory where it was tested with a <sup>55</sup>Fe source. This will need changing for your XRF application.
- 4. It is normal to see noise counts towards the left as the system stabilizes (these counts are due to noise). Click "Delta" mode on the upper right (this updates the data every second rather than accumulating a spectrum and is useful during setup). The noise counts should disappear in a couple minutes.





Double click the "Mini-X" icon on the desktop. Click "Start Mini-X". The serial number should appear in the top middle and the "HV ON" and "OFF" boxes will become active.

#### Check X-ray tube and shielding



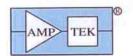
- 1. Verify that the shielding and stainless steel sample are installed.
- 2. Verify that Mini-X software is set to 15 kV and 15  $\mu$ A (starting at a low level for safety).
- Ensure that the Mini-X safety interlock is closed. In the Mini-X software, Click "HV On", then select "Yes" on the box that appears. The Mini-X should begin beeping, a red light on the unit will flash, and a symbol will appear on screen.
- 4. Use the survey meter to verify that the shielding is effective, looking particularly for scattered X-rays.



#### Radiation safety check:



- Increase Mini-X HV setting to 50 kV (maximum) and the current to 80 μA (maximum). Use the survey meter
  to verify that the higher energy radiation is stopped by the shielding.
- 2. Set HV to 30 kV and the current to 100 μA.



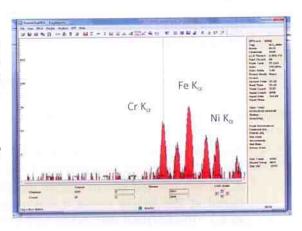


#### Check that X-rays are detected

Counts should be recorded in the spectrum. Click "Delta" to accumulate data, and the display should look similar to the screen on the right. The "Info Pane" (right) should show counts, fast and slow. The peaks visible here are the Cr, Fe, and Ni peaks in stainless steel.

If the screen looks like this image, and you are familiar with X-ray spectroscopy and settings, then

- 1. Click "HV Off" to turn off the tube.
- Go to "Configure X-123 Spectrometer" on the next page.



#### If the screen does not look like this, then

- 1. Confirm that you are connected to the X123: the green USB symbol should be visible and the info pane on the right should show a connection to a DP5, with a serial number.
- 2. Click "HV Off" to turn off the X-ray tube. Now click the "Clear" button, then "Start/stop" to begin acquisition, then "Delta". Now click the "Tune Slow Fast" icon on the toolbar, and wait while parameters are adjusted.

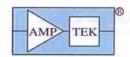


- 3. Click the "HV On" button to turn the tube back on. The spectrum should now look similar to that shown.
- 4. You may need to adjust the gain; you can use the "Gain" buttons to scale the spectrum.
- If you still see nothing, make sure that the X-ray tube is actually on (the red light should be blinking). If the tube seems to be working and you see no spectrum, refer to the "Troubleshooting Guide for Amptek Digital Pulse Processors", located in the Documentation folder of your installation CD.

## If you are completely new to X-ray spectroscopy, then

This is a convenient time to become familiar with X-ray spectra, with the parameters of the spectrometer, with the parameters of the X-ray tube. We recommend spending a bit of time familiarizing yourself. Some things to try:

- The "gain" is important. Try adjusting the gain, using the arrows, and observe the effect on the spectrum. You will likely need to turn off the tube and tune the thresholds after adjusting the gain. You may refer to the DPPMCA HELP, FAQ section, to read about Gain and Thresholds.
- Many novice users ask "How do I know which peak is which?" The answer is: "You must do an energy calibration, which is the next step in this procedure." But if you measure samples with known elements, you can identify peaks. In SS316, Fe is the major element so has the highest peak. Try a measurement with brass (mostly Cu and Zn), or something chrome plated. Observe the spectra. You may want to decrease the gain (step 5.1) first.
- Trying adjusting the X-ray tube energy up and down and see the effect on the spectrum. Try adjusting the current up and down and see the effect on count rates.





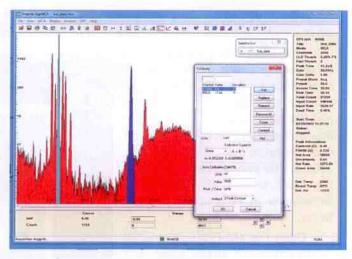
## 5. Configure X-123 Spectrometer

- The configuration of the X-123 will need to be changed from the factory test configuration to one appropriate for this XRF application. In particular, the gain should be adjusted to give approximately 40 keV full scale. A gain of 30 - 35 is typical for an SDD, 7.5 to 8 for a FastSDD.
- 2. In DPPMCA, select the "Acquisition Setup" button, then the "Gain" tab. Set gain to 30, then click "Accept".
- 3. On the MCA tab, set the preset time to "30 seconds", set MCA channels to 2048, then click "OK".
- 4. With the X-ray tube OFF, click the "Tune Slow/Fast" icon
- 5. Verify that the HV is 30 kVp and the current  $100~\mu A$ . Turn the HV on, then turn "Delta mode" off. When data acquisition stops, click "HV OFF" button to turn off the X-ray tube. The spectrum should look like the one displayed below.

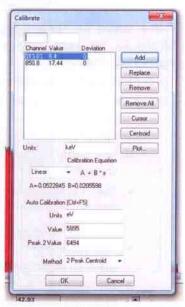
#### Calibrate the energy scale

To calibrate the energy scale, you need (at least) two peaks of known energy. For best results, use peaks that are widely separated in energy, with good statistics and no overlapping peaks. In this example, we use the Fe and Mo  $K_{\alpha}$  peaks in stainless steel 316. What you will do is mark regions of interest (ROIs) around the two peaks, open the calibration dialog, then define the energies of the centroids. The software performs a linear regression. The calibration obtained in DPPMCA will be transferred to the XRS-FP program.

Energy calibration is very important and can be the source of errors. For further information, refer to appropriate applications notes on the CD and to the DPPMCA Help topics.



- To mark the ROIs, click the "Edit ROI" button, then click, drag, and release for each peak. You may want to zoom in on the peaks, using the arrows near the bottom of the display.
- 2. Click the "Calibrate" button. The dialog shown on the right appears.
- 3. Select the Fe  $K_{\alpha}$  peak in the spectrum display, then click the "Centroid" button in the "calibrate dialog", then enter the energy (6.40 keV) in the box beside the channel. Click "Add".
- 4. Repeat for the Mo  $K_{\alpha}$  peak at 17.44 keV. Click "OK", then "Enable Cal" on the toolbar.
- 5. Verify the calibration by checking the centroids of other peaks, e.g., the second largest peak (with SS316) is Cr  $K_{\alpha}$  at 5.4 keV.
- 6. Check the energy resolution. The FWHM of the Fe  $K_{\alpha}$  peak should be slightly larger than the FWHM listed on the data sheet supplied with the detector (e.g., about 140 eV).
- 7. Check if the upper channel (right hand edge) is about 40 keV. If not, then adjust the gain. You may use the ">" and "<" buttons on the toolbar, and may find it convenient to turn on the tube and use "Delta Mode". The gain can also be changed using the "Gain" tab under "Acquisition Setup".</p>
- Under the "MCA" tab, set the "Preset time" to 30 sec. Advanced users should adjust other parameters at this time.







- After all parameters are set, turn off the tube, clear the data, and start an acquisition with no counts. Click the "Tune Slow/Fast" button to set thresholds. Turn the X-ray tube back on and do a final energy calibration for the new settings.
- 10. If you have any questions about configurations or what you should see, you can refer to example .MCA files stored on the installation CD for your detector type and to the data sheet, showing a <sup>55</sup>Fe spectrum, which was supplied with your system.
- 11. Save the spectrum as a .MCA file. Open the "Acquisition Setup" dialog, click "Save Configuration File", and save the configuration as DP5.TXT in C:\Program Files (x86)\CrossRoads Scientific\XRS-FP2\.
- 12. Close DPPMCA.EXE and MINI-X.EXE.

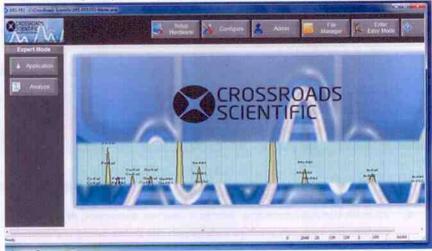
## 6. Configure XRS-FP Software

Properly configuring and calibrating the XRS-FP software is vital for obtaining accurate results. For the SS316 demonstration, you can start with existing configuration files appropriate for stainless steel and your detector. For other samples and measurements, care must be taken to properly configure and calibrate this software.

This "Quick Start Guide" will provide the key steps to doing a stainless steel analysis with the EXP-1

Experimenter's Kit. For more information on the analysis software, refer to the "Basic Setup Tutorial" and the other tutorials. The overall flow of the analysis software, on page 4 of the setup guides, is particularly helpful. The tutorials can be found in the HELP section of the XRS-FP2 software or as PDFs in the XRS-FP2 folder.

Open the XRS-FP2 software. A splash screen will display briefly and then the home screen appears. The home screen for "Expert Mode" is shown to the right. As a quick overview to the software:



- Clicking the "CrossRoads Scientific" button in the upper left returns to this home screen.
- The "Setup Hardware" and "Configure" buttons define the instrument. The "Application" button defines the sample and the analysis methods. If one is testing different types of samples with one instrument, the "Application" parameters will be changed.
  - > The "Setup Hardware" button connects the software to the X123 and the Mini-X, and calibrates the energy scale of the X123.
  - > The "Configure" button is used to tell the XRS-FP2 analysis software about the hardware setup (the detector, the source, the geometry, etc).
  - > The "Application", "Definition" buttons are used to define the sample, including elements to be analyzed.
  - > The "Application", "Methods" button defines the parameters used to process the spectrum, methods used to fit the photopeaks, whether to use standardless or calibrated quantification, etc.
  - The "Analyze" button is used to acquire a spectrum and run an analysis, once setup, configuration, and definition are completed.
- "Expert" mode is needed to setup the hardware, configuration, and application. Once these are done, "Easy Mode" can be used to run routine analyses using the setup defined in "Expert Mode".

# AMP TEK

## Products for Your Imagination

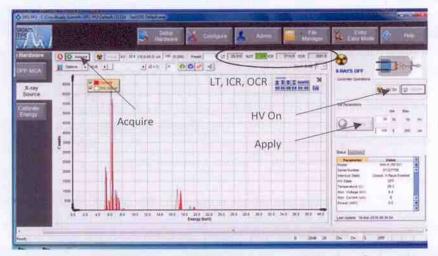


Set up the hardware

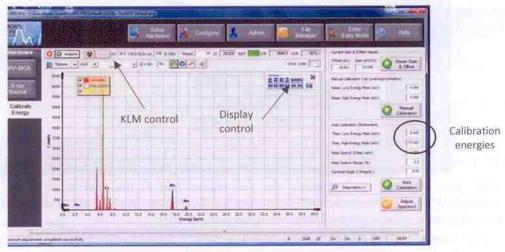
- Select "File Manager" from then top ribbon, then select "Load" on the lower left. Locate the file "SS316\_EXP1 default.ANA" provided by Amptek, then click the green "Execute" button.
- 2. Select "Setup Hardware", then "DPP-MCA" button. Click the green "Connect" button on the upper right.

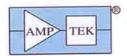
Note: The FP software compares its default parameters for the DPP with those in DP5.TXT, which you set using DPPMCA. This first time you connect, it will flag anything changed from its default; we expect the gain and thresholds to be different and others may change as well. Once you have saved a custom analysis file, then it will only generate a warning if you change parameters.

- 3. With the stainless steel sample in the fixture, select the "X-ray source" button, then "HV On". It will check the interlock status, then ask "Turn X-ray HV on?" Select "Yes" and it power up in its default settings (15 kV and 15 uA). Then select the green check "Apply" to bring up the settings for this analysis, 30 kV and 100 uA.
- Select "Acquire" to acquire a spectrum. You can see the elapsed Live Time (LT) increment and can see the
  measured input count rate (ICR) and output count rate (OCR). When it has finished, select the "HV Off"
  button.



5. Select the "Calibrate Energy" button on the left (screen shown below) . If you adjusted the gain properly using DPPMCA, then you should be very close to 40 keV full scale and so only a small refinement to the calibration is needed. For a small refinement, verify that the "Theoretical peaks" are at 6.4 and 17.443 keV, using the Fe and Mo  $K_{\alpha}$  peaks in the stainless steel 316 sample. Then select "Auto Calibration", then "Adjust Spectrum".







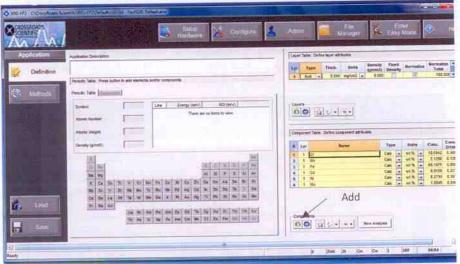
- 6. Now you can use the Display control buttons to view the spectrum closely, zooming in on the peaks or using a log scale to see small peaks. You can use the "KLM" control to mark the X-ray peaks. Check the Fe and Mo peaks in particular; the lines should appear in the middle of the photopeaks.
- If the gain is not close (far from 40 keV full scale) or you are not calibrating with the Fe and Mo peaks in stainless steel, then select "Help" and refer to the "Basic Setup" and "Energy Calibration" tabs. <u>Incorrect</u> energy calibration is one of the most common sources of error for beginning users! Follow these steps carefully.

## Check the configuration

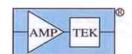
- Select the "Configure" tab on the top banner. These values have been set to match the EXP-1 defaults but we recommend reviewing them now, for accuracy and to see what parameters are important.
- Select the "Detector" tab on the left. Select the "Edit" tab and you will see the default parameters for an Amptek detector (SDD or FastSDD). You may need to change the thickness of the Be window or the resolution to match your detector.
- Select the "Geometry" tab, then "Edit" to see all the parameters. There is an "Angles" tab and a "Distances" tab. If you modify the EXP-1 or use your own fixture, you will need to put in the corrected values.
- Select the "Source" tab, then "Edit" to see all the parameters. By default, this is set for Amptek's silver anode Mini-X tube. If you are using something different, you will need to put in the corrected values.
- 5. If you are using a detector filter, select the appropriate tab. We do not supply any with the EXP-1.
- 6. Select the "Source Filters" tab. This defines the filter(s) used on the Mini-X. The "W3Al97" item describes the default filter set recommended with the EXP-1, a 1 mil (25 micron) tungsten filter behind a 40 mil (1000 micron) aluminum filter. If you are using something different, enter "New", put in the correct values, select "Calculate", then click "Save".
- 7. Save the .ANA file, giving it a new name to reflect your customization.

#### Check the sample parameters

 Select the "Definition" tab to define the sample properties. The default has been configured for stainless steel but it can be changed. To add an element, click the green plus, then select the element from the periodic table. The "layer table" is set for bulk analysis and to normalize the concentrations to 100%.



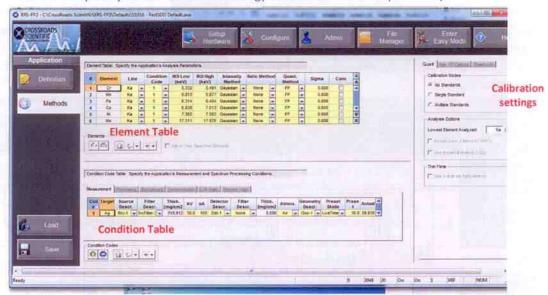
- Select the "Methods" tab to review the parameters used in the analysis software. The SS316\_EXP1
  default.ANA" file has recommended parameters for standardless analysis of the major constituents of steel.
  There are three key parts to the "Methods" used in the analysis
  - Near the top of the page is the "Element Table". For each element is a set of parameters defining how that element is analyzed: which lines is used for the analysis, the method used to determine the





photopeak intensity, its region of interest, the method used to quantify the element, which excitation condition is applied.

- Near the bottom of the main screen is the "Condition Table" with different tabs defining the parameters used to process the spectrum, the step that determines the intensities of the characteristic X-ray lines. The "Measurement" tab defines the measurement properties assumed in the analysis. The "Process" tab defines the key process steps to be applied.
- On the right side of the screen are the "Quantification" settings, where one selects the calibration method: standardless, a single standard, or multiple standards. If calibration standards are selected, then additional buttons appear along the left, used in elemental calibration. This calibration refers to the relationship between the photopeak intensity and the corresponding element's concentration and is completely different from the energy calibration discussed previously.

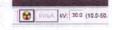


The system has now been assembled, set up, and configured for standardless analysis of stainless steel. We will now analyze the sample.

## 8. Acquire Sample Spectrum

Measure the spectrum to be analyzed

- 1. Click the "Home" button in the upper left, then the "Analyze" button along the left side.
- Click the Mini-X icon, near the top left, to turn on the X-ray tube, then answer "Yes".
   The "kV/uA" box is not grayed out when the tube is on. Wait for the current and voltage to stabilize.



- Click the "Acquire" button. The spectrum will clear itself, then will appear and the time will increment. The spectrum will "Auto Adjust" along the energy scale, to be calibrated.
- When the 30 seconds has elapsed and the acquisition is finished, click the Mini-X icon to turn off the X-ray tube.
- 5. You can zoom in to examine the photopeaks and to mark the X-ray lines using the KLM control.
- You can verify here the input count rate (ICR), output count rate (OCR), and the key settings using the screens on the right.

## 9. Process Spectrum

The next step is to process the spectrum. The software will correct for various physical effects (escape peaks
and sum peaks), remove the background continuum, then will fit the selected photopeaks to remove the
effect of overlapping peaks and to determine the intensity, or net counts, in each peak.